

Lightweight low-latency virtual networking

Motivation

With SR-IOV, it is possible to share hardware network interfaces with multiple virtual machines bypassing the hypervisor, thus reducing virtualization overhead. Using SR-IOV to set up an entire measurement infrastructure leads to better measurement results than fully virtualized solutions by reducing the overhead of deploying large network topologies using hardware hosts, especially with their flexible setup. SR-IOV is used in our scenario with the IOMMU for direct memory access. We intend to use the proposed setup for experiments in larger networks [2].

We have developed a way to set up an arbitrary topology using SR-IOV and the chair's Testbed Orchestrator, but so far, it uses full virtualization or LXC container, which imposes a significant overhead on the nodes/provides reduced isolation. A more straightforward solution is containers, such as Docker containers [1]. In order to improve measurements in large networks, reduce the required resources and improve the results, the solution we have developed needs to be changed to a container-based solution.

Therefore, this work aims to evaluate the existing approach, integrate containers instead of full virtualization or LXC, and evaluate the result using the testbed resources of our chair compared to a solution with full virtualization and LXC.

Vour Profile	General interest in computer networks
	Experience with Linux and Python programming
	Experience with virtualization Solutions
	Interest in Container-based systems is beneficial
Your Tasks	 Conducting research on single-root I/O-virtualization and container Analyze the currently existing solution
	 Rewrite the current solution towards a container-based solution Evaluate and discuss the results
Literature	 C. Anderson. Docker [software engineering]. <i>IEEE software</i>, 32(3):102–c3, 2015. L. Breslau, D. Estrin, K. Fall, S. Floyd, J. Heidemann, A. Helmy, P. Huang, S. McCanne,
	K. Varadhan, Y. Xu, et al. Advances in network simulation. <i>Computer</i> , 33(5):59–67, 2000.

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